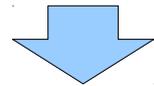


SRCL non-linearity

Formalization

$$y(t) = a x(t) + b x^2(t)$$

x: mirror displacement [m]
y: error signal [W]



Calibration

$$x_e(t) = y(t)/a = x(t) + \underbrace{(b/a) x^2(t)}_{\text{Non-linear part}}$$

x_e : Displacement equivalent error signal [m]
b/a: dimension is 1/m

$$x(t) = A \sin(\omega_1 t) + B \sin(\omega_2 t)$$

$$x^2(t) = A^2 \sin^2(\omega_1 t) + B^2 \sin^2(\omega_2 t) + \underbrace{AB \cos[(\omega_1 - \omega_2)t]}_{\text{Down conversion}} - \underbrace{AB \cos[(\omega_1 + \omega_2)t]}_{\text{Up conversion}}$$

Total frequency conversion noise

$$P_{\text{conv}}(\omega) = \frac{b}{a} \left[\underbrace{\int_0^{\omega} P(\omega - \omega') P(\omega') \sqrt{d\omega'}}_{\text{Up Conversion}} + \underbrace{\int_{\omega}^{\infty} P(\omega + \omega') P(\omega') \sqrt{d\omega'}}_{\text{Down Conversion}} \right]$$

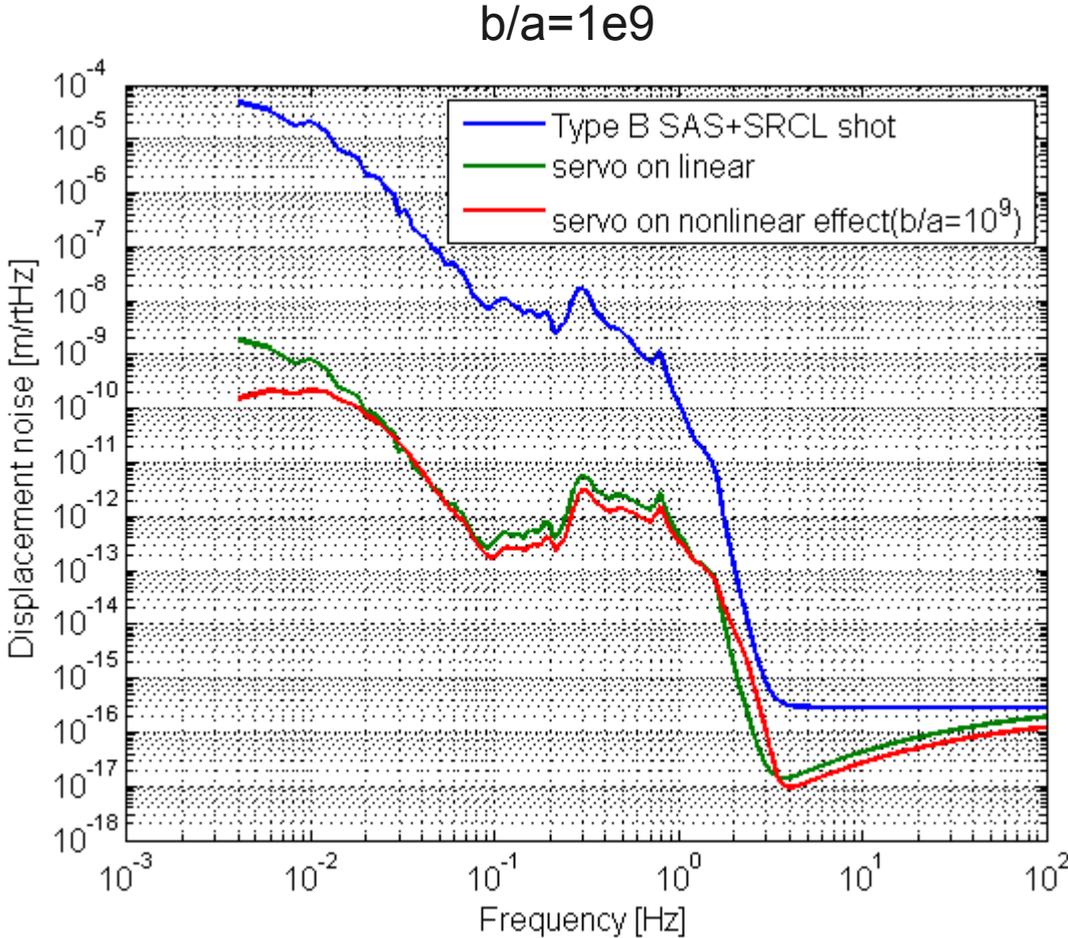
P(w): Displacement equivalent noise spectrum density [m/sqrt(Hz)], one sided.

SRM up conversion noise

11.25MHz: $b/a = 2.7e7$ [1/m]

9MHz: $b/a=1.3e8$ [1/m]

16.875MHz: $b/a=1.05e8$ [1/m]



Calculation by Y. Michimura